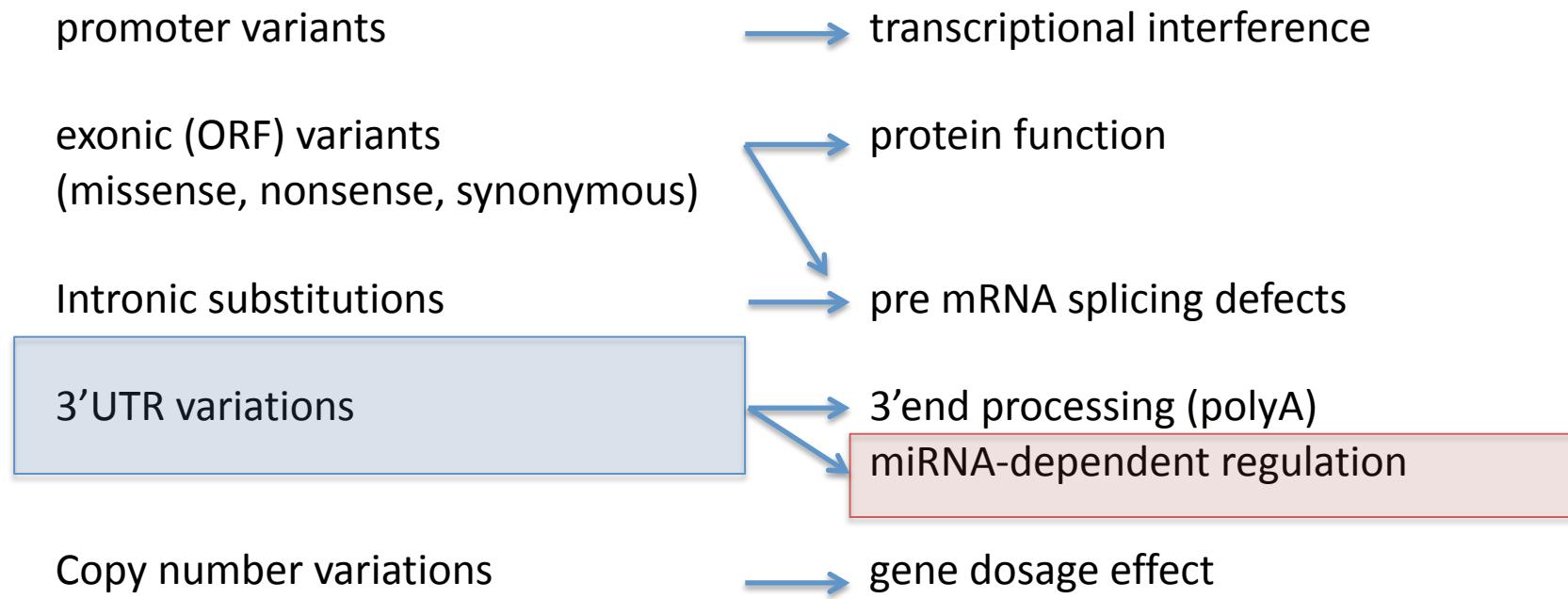
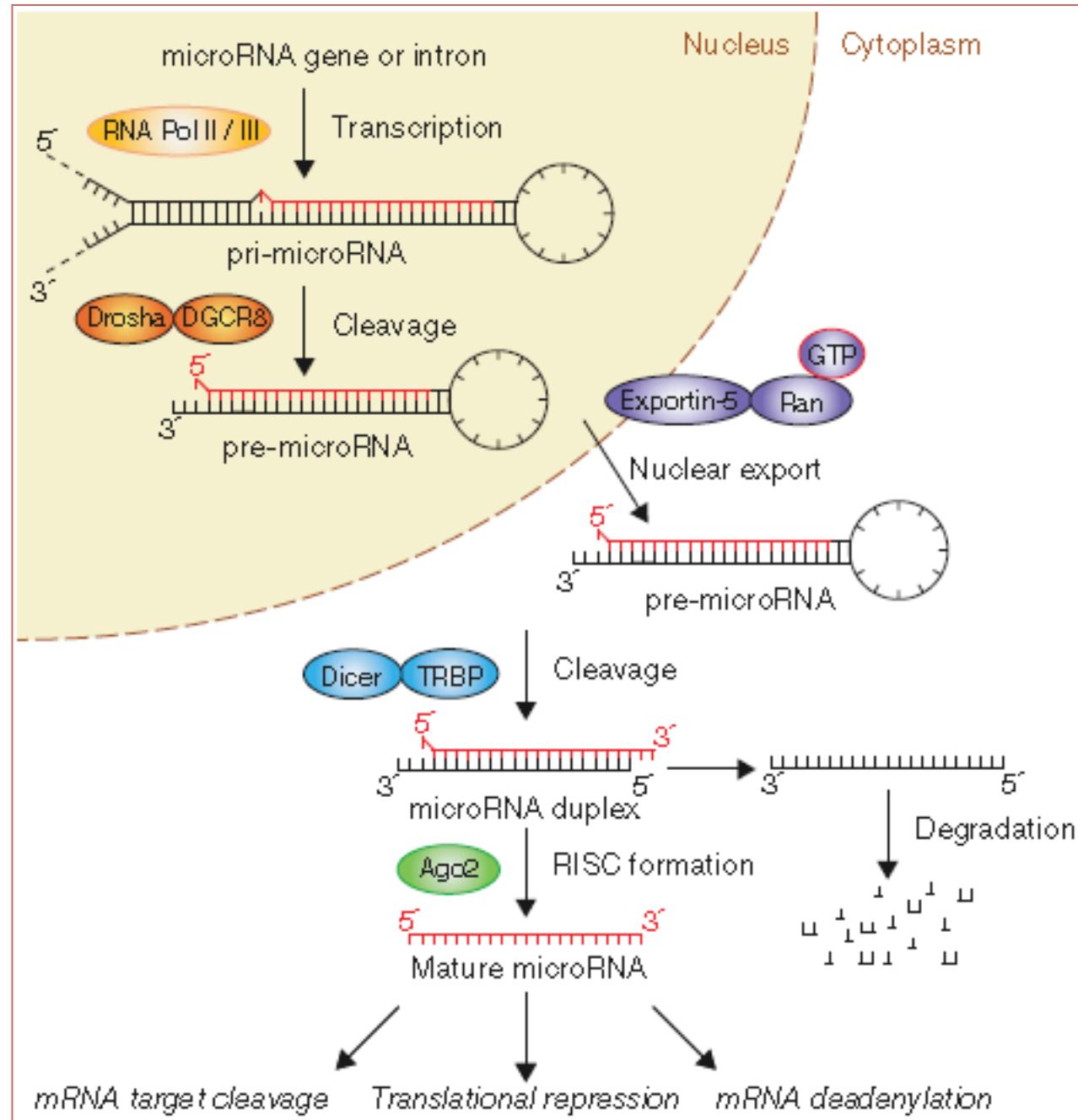
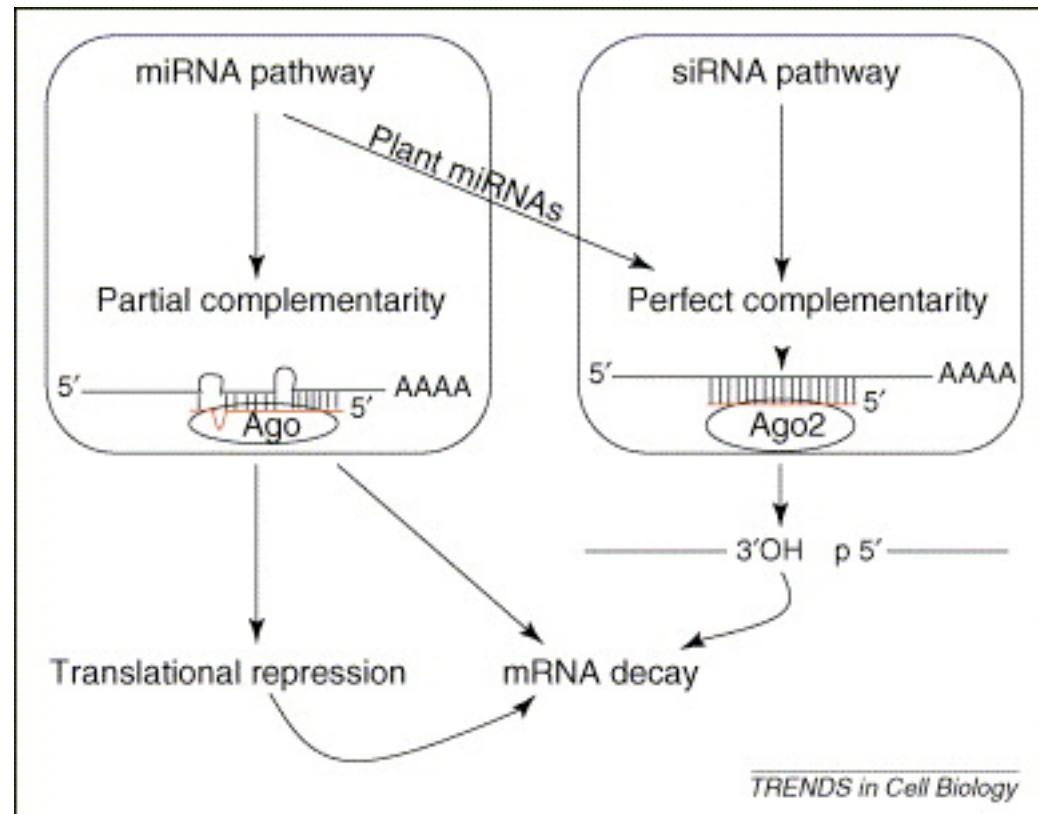


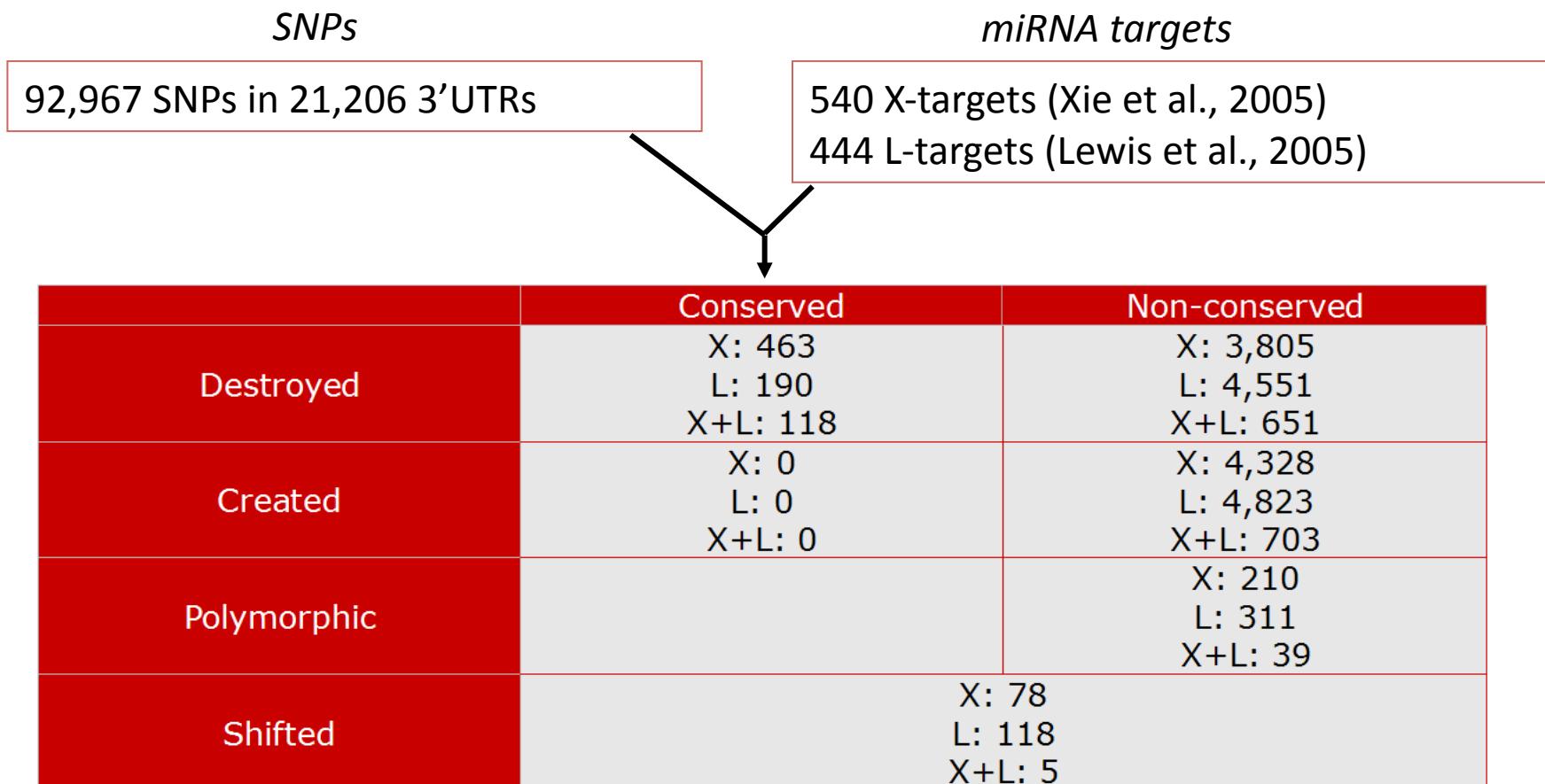
# Human genomic variants and possible effect on gene expression







# Common SNPs in 3'UTRs affect the miRNA target site content of thousands of human genes ...



# Polymorphisms affecting miRNA-mRNA interactions and phenotype

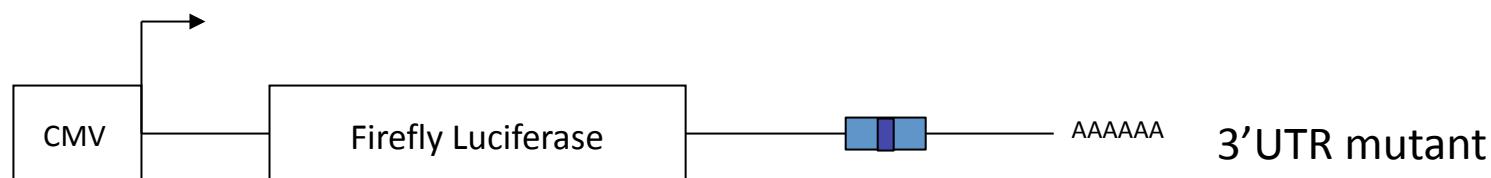
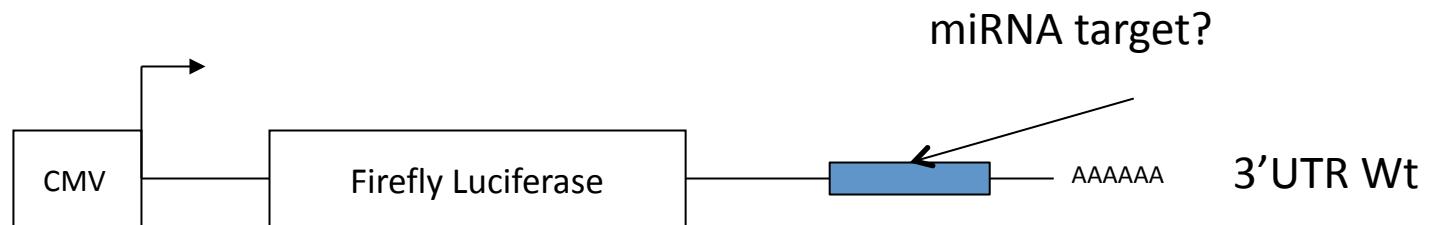
- SLTRK1 in Tourette's syndrome
- Angiotensin receptor-1 and hypertension
- Dihyfrofolate reductase and metotrexate resistance
- HLA-G and increased risk of asthma
- Fibroblast growth factor 20 and increased risk for Parkinson
- IGF-II receptor and type 2 diabetes
  
- Polygenic muscolarity in Texel sheep and Myostatin

## A typical DUAL reporter assay for miRNA analysis



HSV-TK: herpes simplex virus thymidine kinase promoter

-> low to moderate levels of Renilla luciferase expression in co-transfected mammalian cells

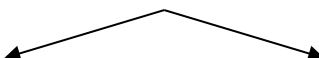


(renilla and firefly can be inverted)

Cells that express the miRNA



Transfect with Renilla luciferase +

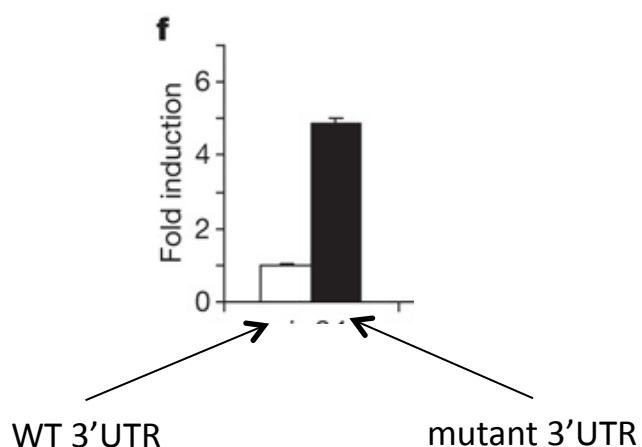


Firefly luciferase  
WT 3'UTR

Firefly luciferase  
mutant 3'UTR



Measure Renilla and Firefly signals  
and make the ratio



#### COMPLEMENTARY STRATEGIES

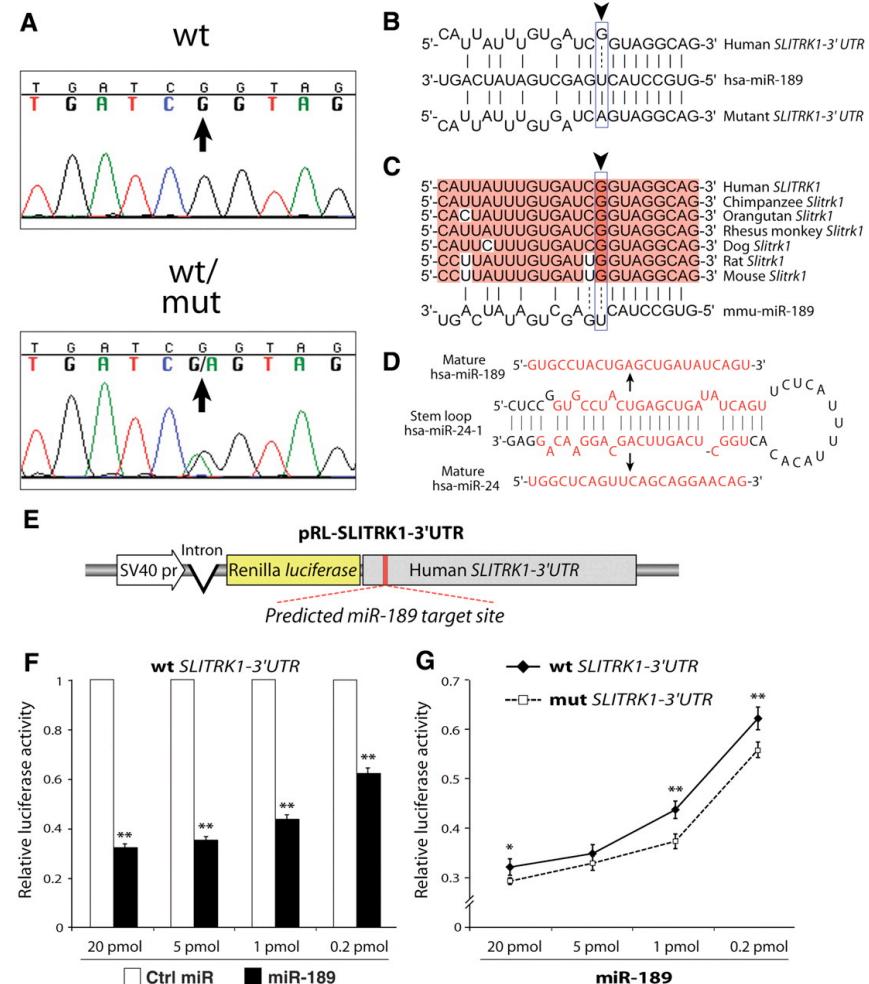
selectively block the miRNA with  
LNA antisense oligo  
or  
overexpress the miRNA  
in cells that do not express it endogenously

# A genomic variant in the SLTRK1 3'UTR has been implicated in Tourette syndrome

Tourette syndrome is a neurobehavioral disorder manifest particularly by motor and vocal tics and associated with behavioral abnormalities.

- Linkage of the GTS phenotype to several sites
- Heterozygous mutation in the histidine decarboxylase gene on chromosome 15q21.
- Variation in the SLTRK1 gene on 13q
- Other sites reported

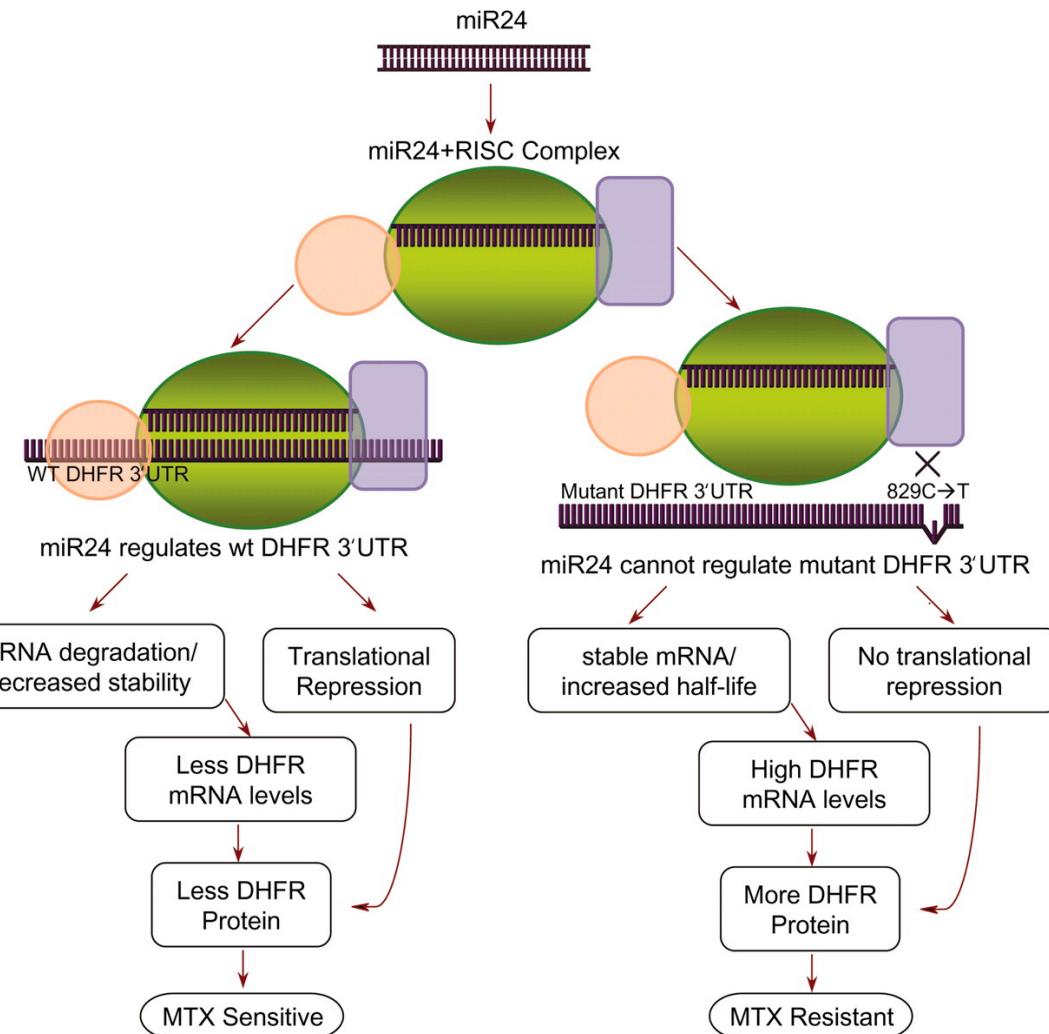
Slit and Trk-like family member 1 (SLTRK1), encoding a single-pass transmembrane protein with two leucine-rich repeat (LRR) motifs in its extracellular domain



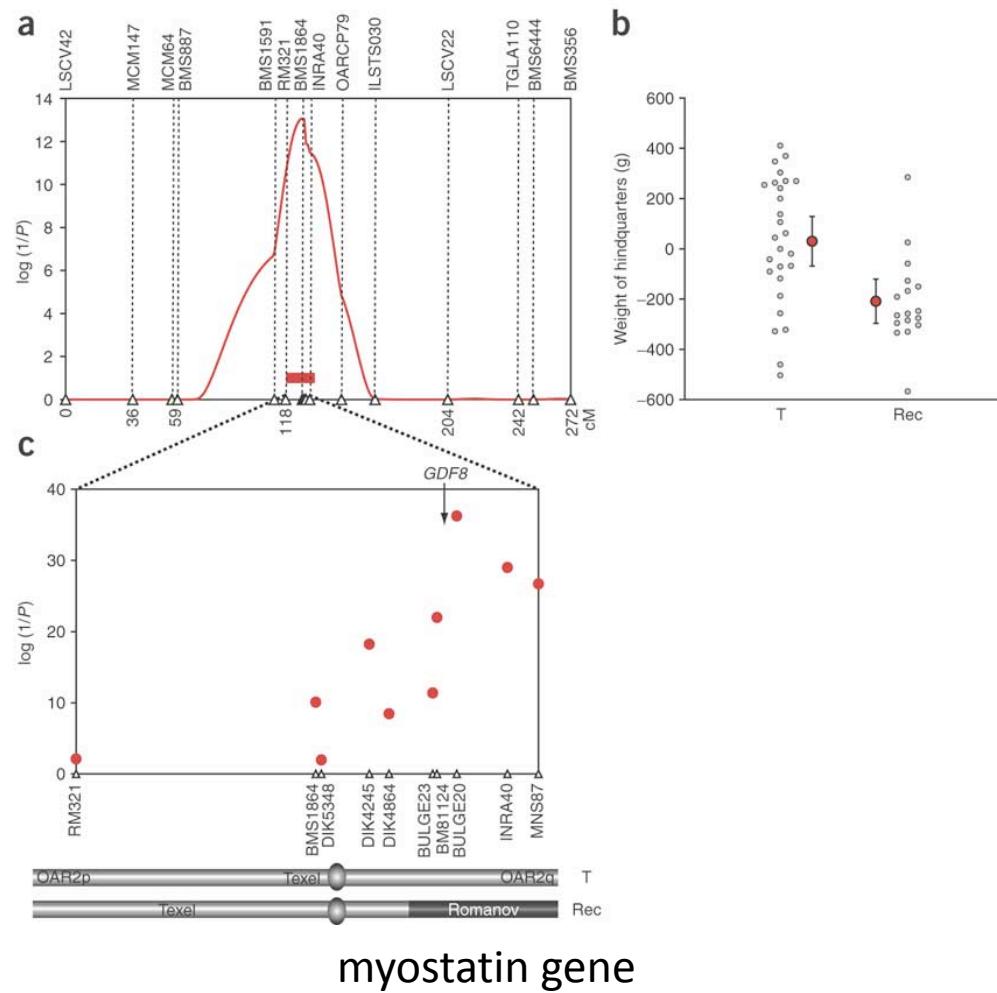
Abelson JF et al Science. 2005. Sequence variants in SLTRK1 are associated with Tourette's syndrome.

## A model for miR-24-mediated regulation of DHFR

- Methotrexate is used in treatment of cancer and autoimmune diseases
- It competitively inhibits dihydrofolate reductase (DHFR), an enzyme that participates in the tetrahydrofolate synthesis.
- The miRSNP-829C→T leads to loss of miR-24-mediated regulation of DHFR

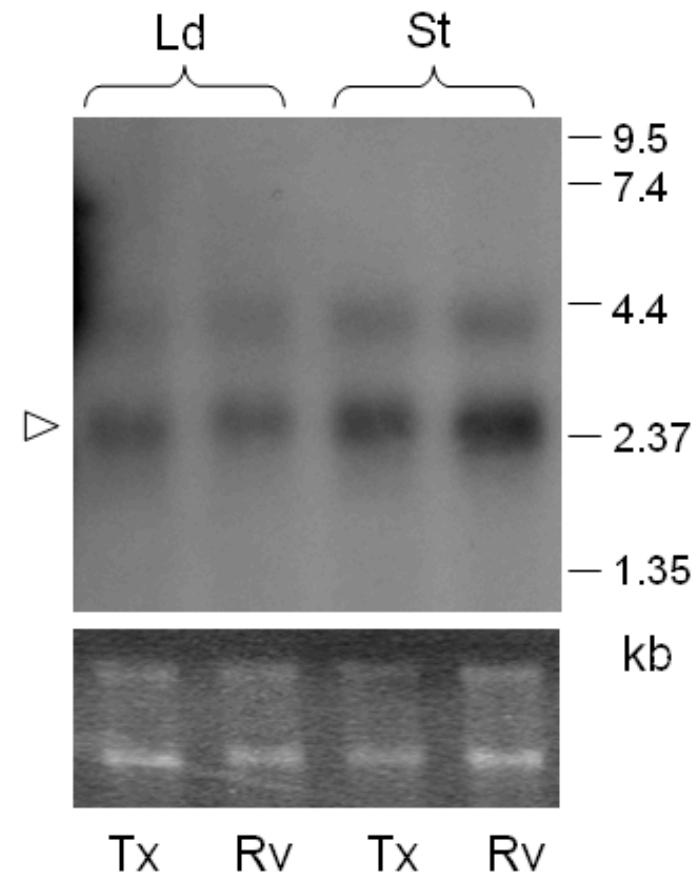


# Polygenic muscularity in Texel sheep and Myostatin

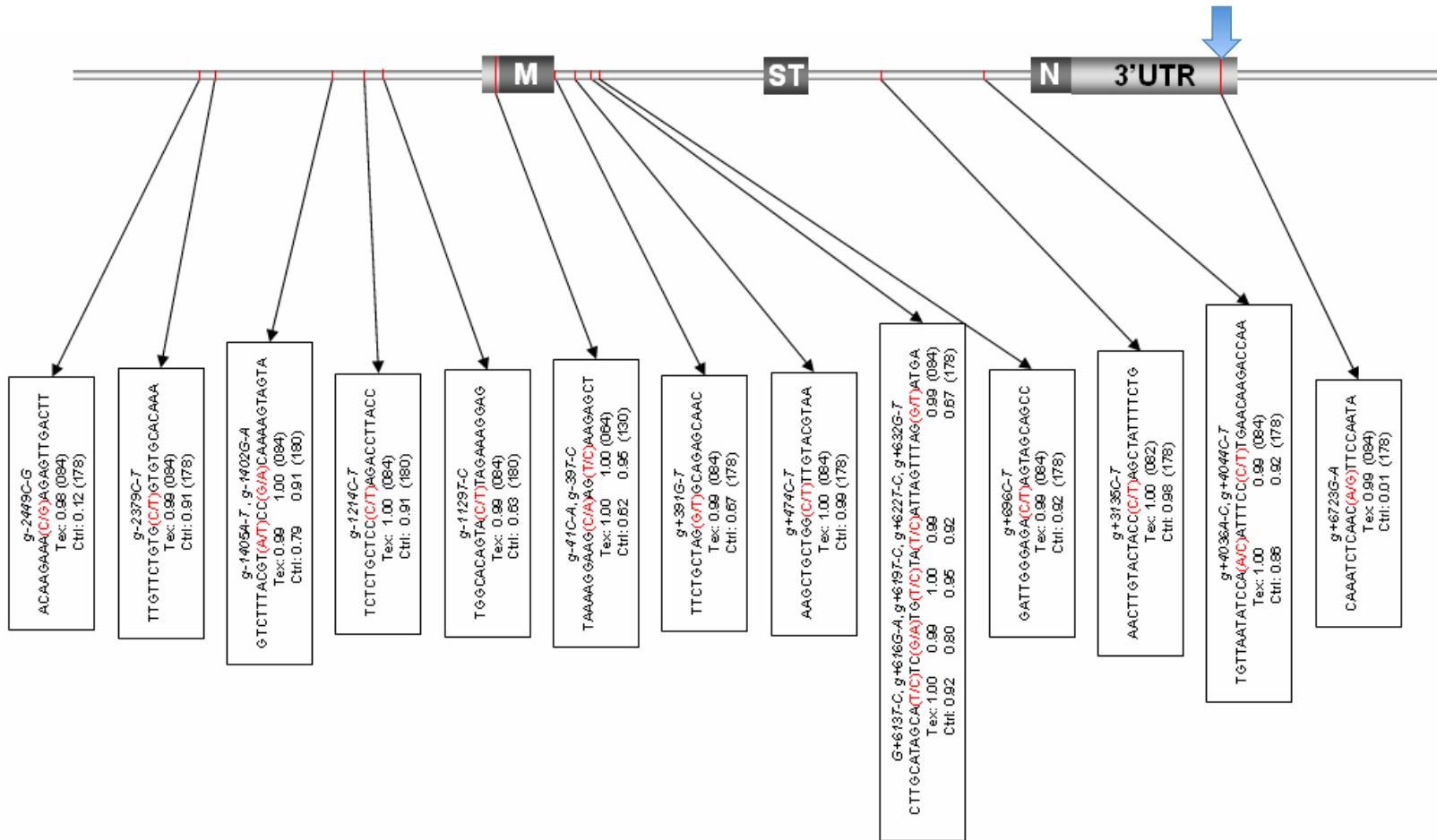


# Texel sheep produce normal levels of normal *MSTN* mRNA

- Sequencing the *MSTN* ORF from gDNA & cDNA:
  - no polymorphism.
- Northern blot and qRT-PCR:
  - no obvious qualitative or quantitative difference.



# Resequencing the *MSTN* gene identifies 20 non-coding SNPs ...



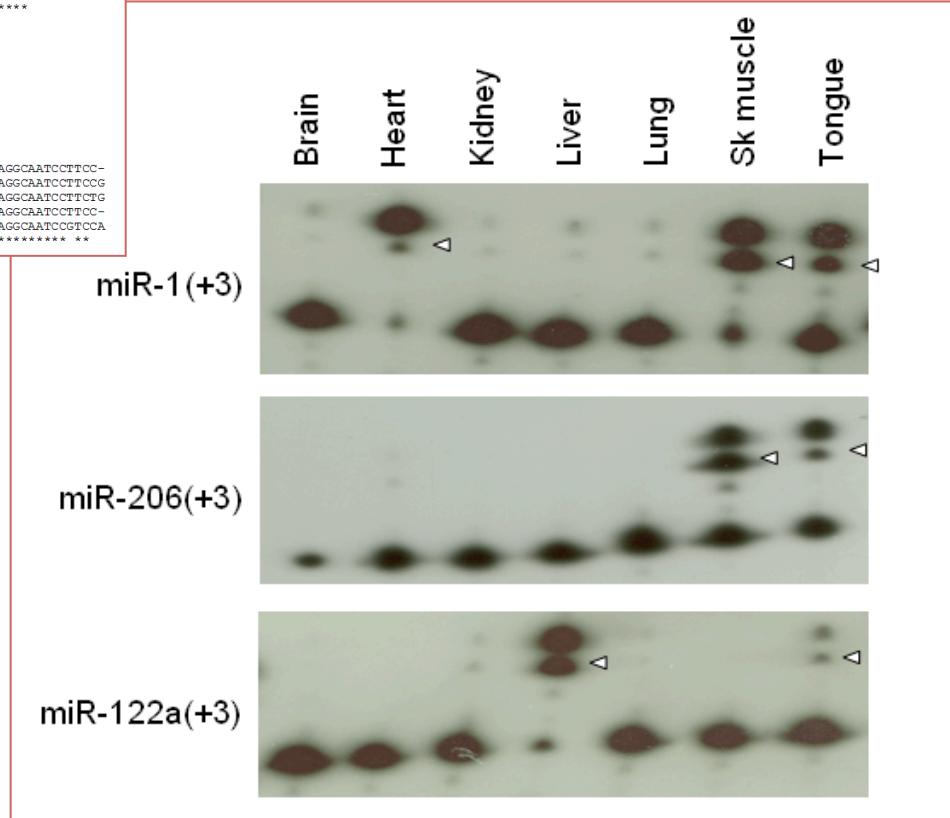
*G+6723G-A* in the 3'UTR is predicted to be a target site  
for *miR1*, *miR206*

*miR1* and *miR206* are conserved in sheep and strongly expressed in skeletal muscle

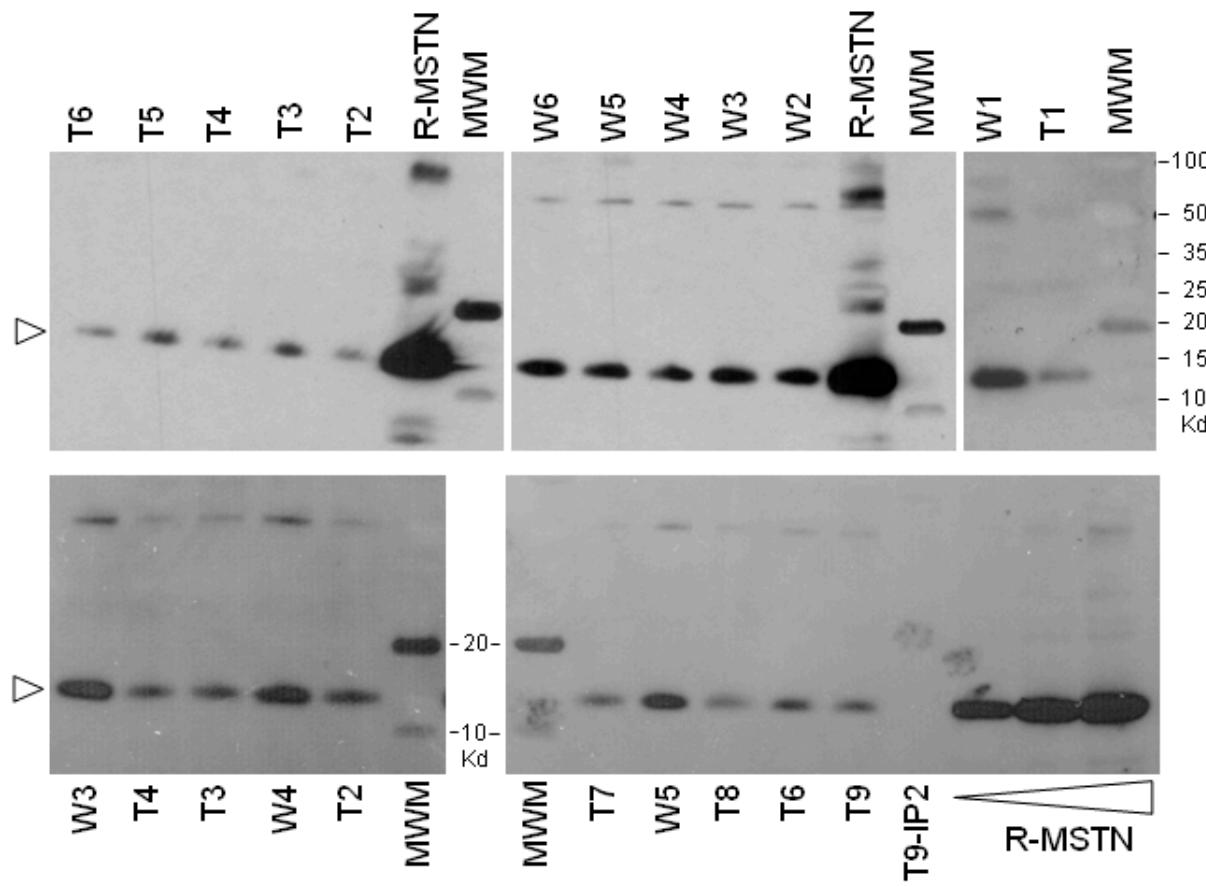
<b>miR-1-1</b>	
Ovis	CTACCTGCTGGGAAACATACTTCTTATGTGCCATATGGACCTGCTAAGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGA
Bos	CTACCTGCTGGGAAACATACTTCTTATGTGCCATATGGACCTGCTAAGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGA
Canis	CTACCCGCTGGGAAACATACTTCTTATGTGCCATATGGACCTGCTAAGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGA
Home	CTCGCTGCTGGGAAACATACTTCTTATGTGCCATATGGACCTGCTAAGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGA
Mus	CTACCTGCTGGGAAACATACTTCTTATGTGCCATATGGACCTGCTAAGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGA
*****	*****
<b>miR-1-2</b>	
Homo	TACCTACTCAGAGTACATACTCTTTATGTACCCTATGAACTACATACTGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGC
Canis	AACCTACTCAGAGTACATACTCTTTATGTACCCTATGAACTACATACTGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGC
Bos	TACCTACTCAGAGTACATACTCTTTATGTACCCTATGAACTACATACTGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGC
Ovis	TACCTACTCAGAGTACATACTCTTTATGTACCCTATGAACTACATACTGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGC
Mus	TGCGCTACTCAGACGACCATACTCTTTATGTACCCTATGAACTACATACTGCTATGGAACTGAAGAATGTATTTCAGGTCGGGC
*****	*****
<b>miR-206</b>	
Ovis	CTTCCCAGGCCACATGCTCTTATATCCCCATACGGATTACTTGTCTATGGAACTGAAGGAATGTGTGGTT
Bos	CTTCCCAGGCCACATGCTCTTATATCCCCATACGGATTACTTGTCTATGGAACTGAAGGAATGTGTGGTT
Canis	CTTCCCAGGCCACATGCTCTTATATCCCCATACGGATTACTTGTCTATGGAACTGAAGGAATGTGTGGTT
Home	CTTCCCAGGCCACATGCTCTTATATCCCCATACGGATTACTTGTCTATGGAACTGAAGGAATGTGTGGTT
Mus	CTTCCCAGGCCACATGCTCTTATATCCCCATACGGATTACTTGTCTATGGAACTGAAGGAATGTGTGGTT
*****	*****
<b>miR-122a</b>	
Ovis	CCTTAGCAGAGCTGTGGAGTGCAACATGGTCTTGTCTTCAAAACTATCACACGCCATTATCACACTAAATAGCTACTGTAGGAACTC
Bos	CCTTAGCAGAGCTGTGGAGTGCAACATGGTCTTGTCTTCAAACTATCACACGCCATTATCACACTAAATAGCTACTGTAGGAACTC
Canis	CCTTAGCAGAGCTGTGGAGTGCAACATGGTCTTGTCTTCAAACTATCACACGCCATTATCACACTAAATAGCTACTGTAGGAACTC
Home	CCTTAGCAGAGCTGTGGAGTGCAACATGGTCTTGTCTTCAAACTATCACACGCCATTATCACACTAAATAGCTACTGTAGGAACTC
Mus	CCTTAGCAGAGCTGTGGAGTGCAACATGGTCTTGTCTTCAAACTATCACACGCCATTATCACACTAAATAGCTACTGTAGGAACTC
*****	*****

*miR1.1*, *miR1.2*, *miR122* and *miR206* are conserved in sheep.

*miR1* and *miR206* are strongly expressed in SM

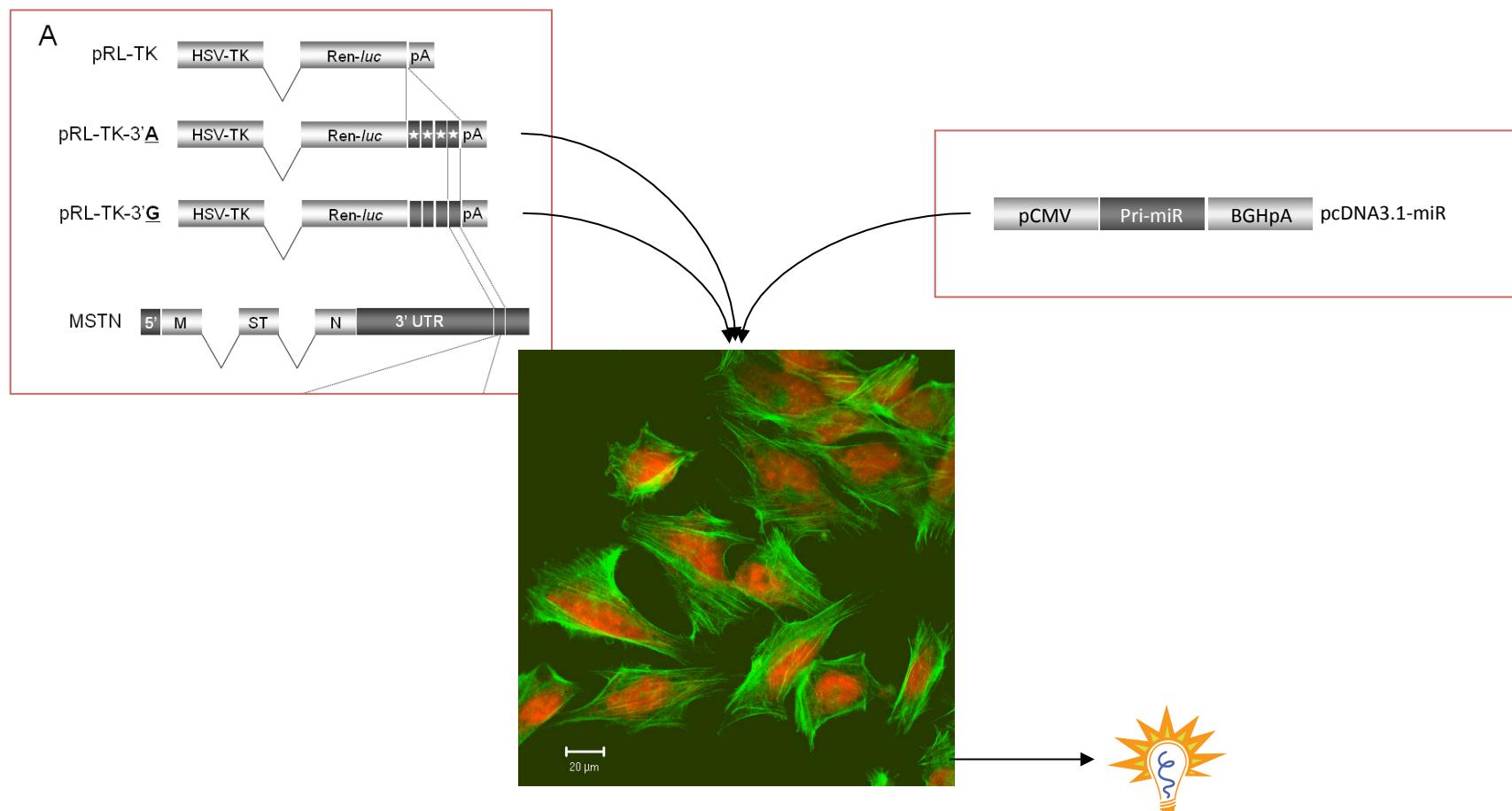


# Texel sheep have $\approx$ 3-fold reduction in circulating MSTN levels ...

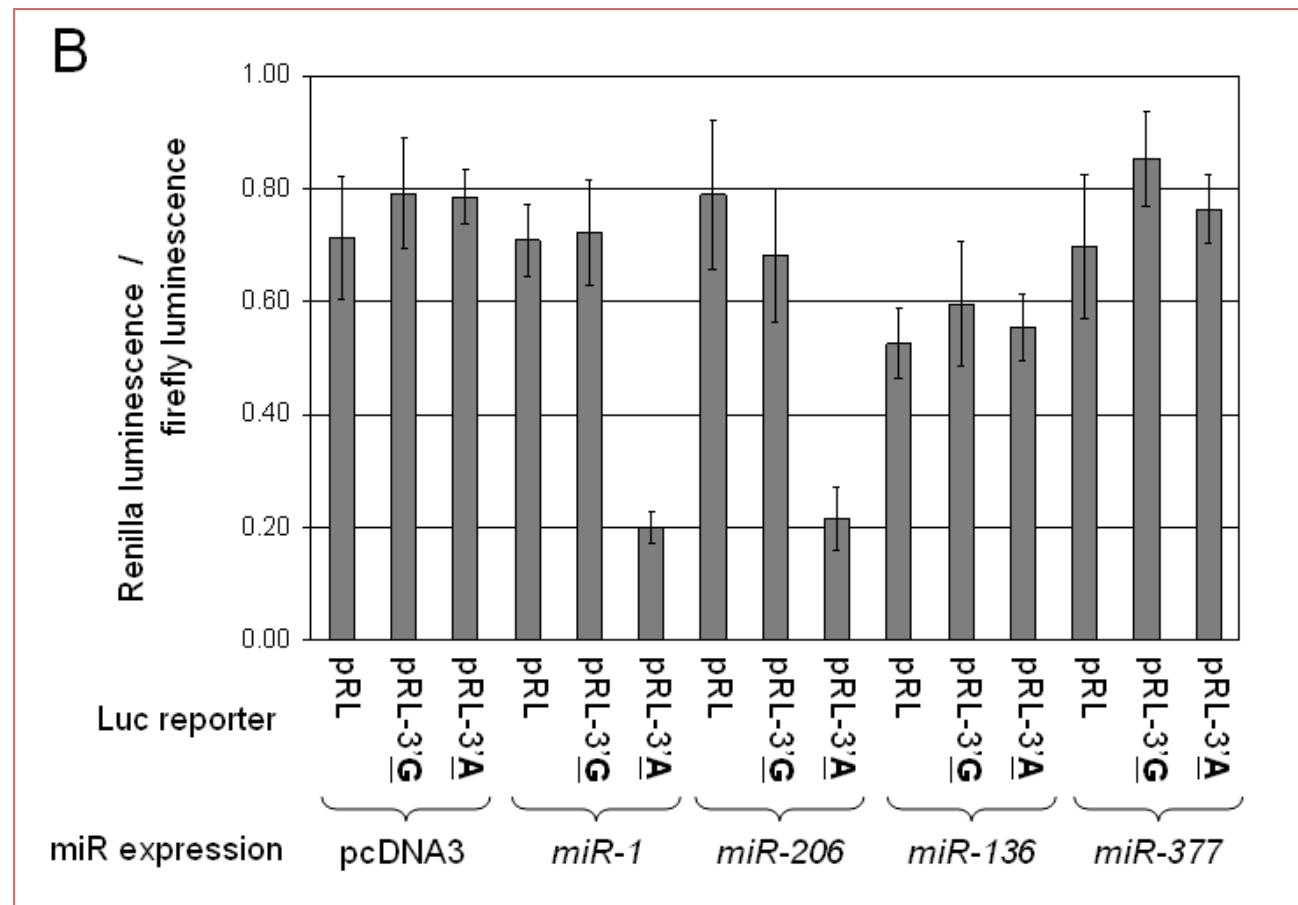


... supports translational inhibition.

# *miR1/206* – mutant *MSTN* interaction supported by reporter assay



# *miR1/206* – mutant *MSTN* interaction supported by reporter assay



# *G+6723G-A* in the 3'UTR of myostatin Model

