## APTAMERI ANTI VWF

NH2-mGmGmGmAmCmCmUmAmAmGmAmCmAmCmAmUm GmUmCmC-3T

NH2 = hexylamine linker, 3T inverted deoxythymidine residue

ARC15105



Figure 2. Chemical structures of 2'-modified nucleotides used in selection experiments to generate aptamers with enhanced pharmacokinetic properties: 2'-amino-NTPs 1, 2'-fluoro-NTPs 2, 2'-methoxy-NTPs 3, and 4'-thio-NTPs 4.

Concentration effect curve of ARC15105 and ARC1779 on platelet adhesion to collagen-bound VWF under arterial shear conditions.





Platelet adhesion on injured porcine arterial segments; A, ARC15105, Arc1779, and abciximab inhibited the adhesion of platelets radiolabeled with 111In on injured porcine arterial segments in perfusion flow chambers.





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Chemical structures of the unnatural Ds–Px and natural A–T and G–C pairs.

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Schematic illustration of the secondary structures of the anti-vWF unnatural-base DNA aptamer, Rn-DsDsDs-44, and its variants. The sequence and presumed se

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Binding analysis of anti-vWF DNA aptamers by a BIAcore T200 at 37 °C, using 0.078 to 5 nM vWF. The aptamers were biotinylated at their 5'-termini.

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Binding analysis of each Rn-DsDsDs-44 aptamer variant by a gel mobility shift assay. Each aptamer variant (5'-biotinylated, 100 nM) was incubated with vWF (100 nM) at 37 ° C for 30 min, and the complexes were separated from the free DNA on 8% polyacrylamide gels containing 3 M urea with electrophoresis at 4 (upper panel), 25 (middle panel), or 37 ° C (lower panel). The DNA bands on the gels were stained with SYBR Gold.