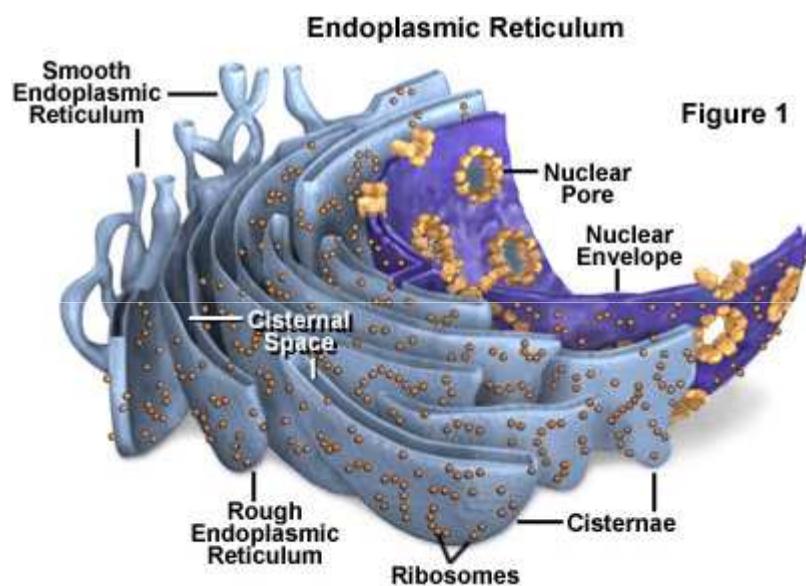




II Reticolo Endoplasmatico

II Controllo Qualità

Il reticolo endoplasmatico



Il reticolo endoplasmatico liscio

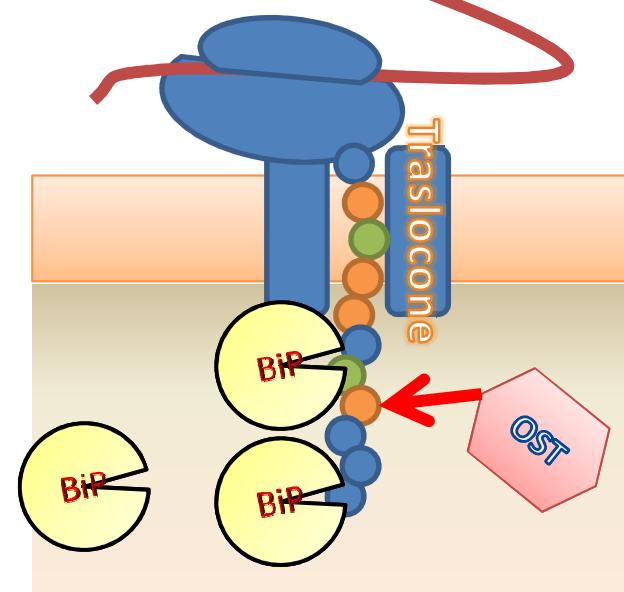
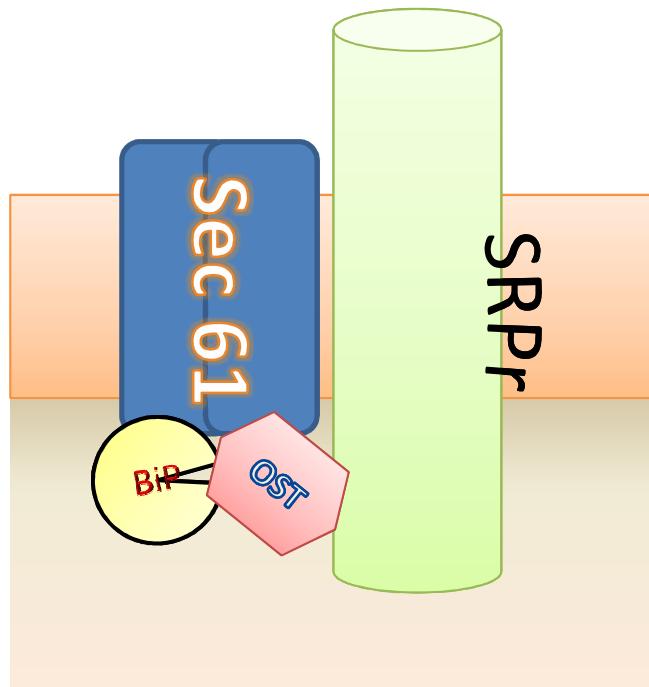
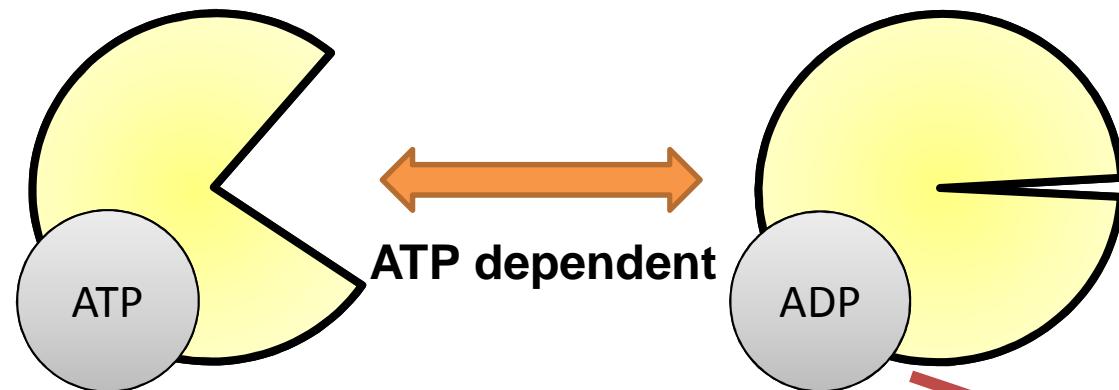
- Produce acidi grassi e fosfolipidi
- Contiene enzimi detossificanti e coniugativi
- Metabolismo del Glicogeno

Il reticolo endoplasmatico ruvido

- Produce proteine di secrezione, lisosomiche, di membrana e multimeriche (30% del totale)
- Garantisce l'orientamento e la produzione corretta delle proteine transmembrana (**canali, recettori, proteine associate a lipidi**)
- Garantisce il folding corretto delle proteine
- Produce la prima glicosilazione
- Crea i ponti disolfuro essenziali per molte proteine**

**:anticorpi

Hsp70s

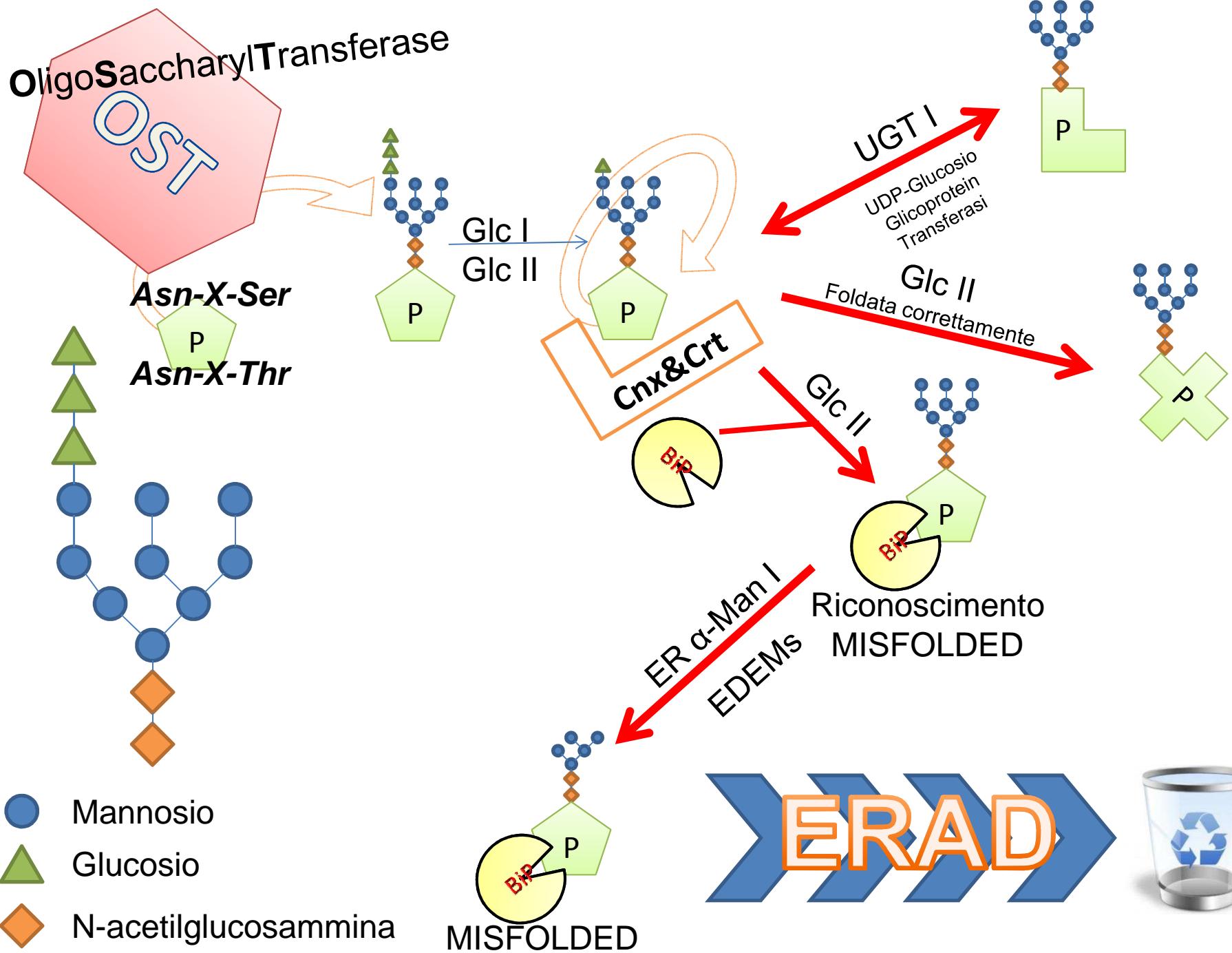


Chaperone

Hsp70s	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ER: BiP - translocon gate, folding assistance, UPR transducer.• Cyt: Hsp70s (stress inducible) Hsc70s (constitutive)Transmembrane protein ERAD	
Hsp40s	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hsp70s Cochaperones,• Help BiP during translocation,	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Aromatic/hydrophobic affinity• J-domains: 4 α-helices (specificity and Hsp70s ATP hydrolysis)
Hsp90s	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Folding of specific set of protein (HR, PK, TF)• hold protein until the interaction with required partner,	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ATPase activity requires dimerization,• 2 cytoplasmic forms (α, β)

Chaperone

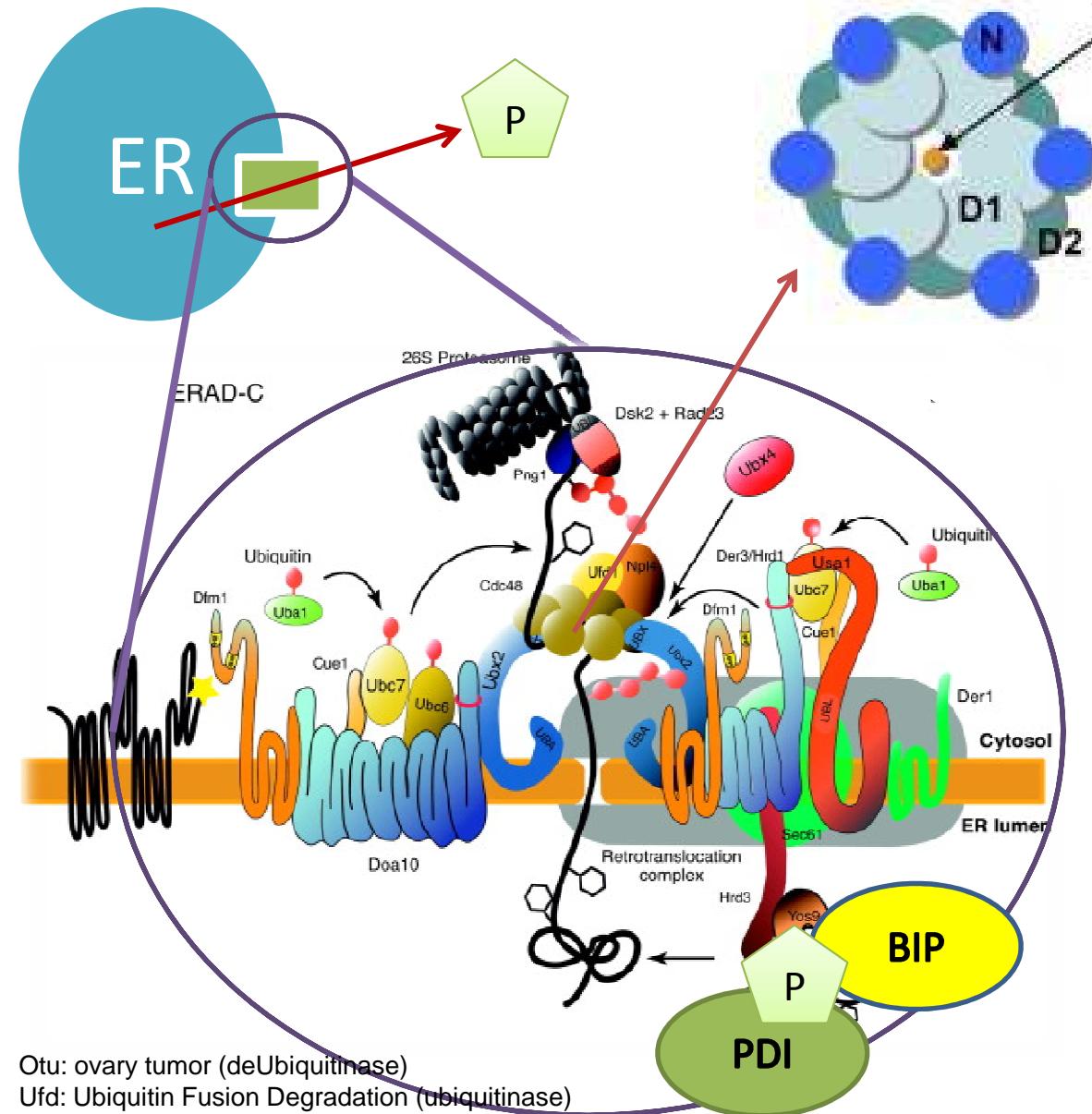
PDI	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 5+ Protein Disulfide Isomerase (Thiol Oxidoreductase)• BiP co-worker or Stand-Alone	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CxxC catalytic Motif, “U” shape• Ero1α (Hypoxia induced, ERAD linked), Ero1β (UPR induced)
AAA ATPase	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ATPase Associated with various cellular Activities• Homohexameric• Correlated to: Transcription Factors, Apoptosis, ERAD related• Bind both Ubiquitinated proteins and Proteasome	
Lectine - Like	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recognizes Oligosaccharyl-appended N-glycan• Facilitate folding and ERAD• in this family we find Calnexin (Cnx) and Calreticulin (Crt)	
NEFs	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Nucleotide Exchange Factor; Enhance ADP from Hsp70s,• BAG-1 works also with Bcl-2• NEFs : Hsp70s Ratio varies folding efficiency	



ERAD

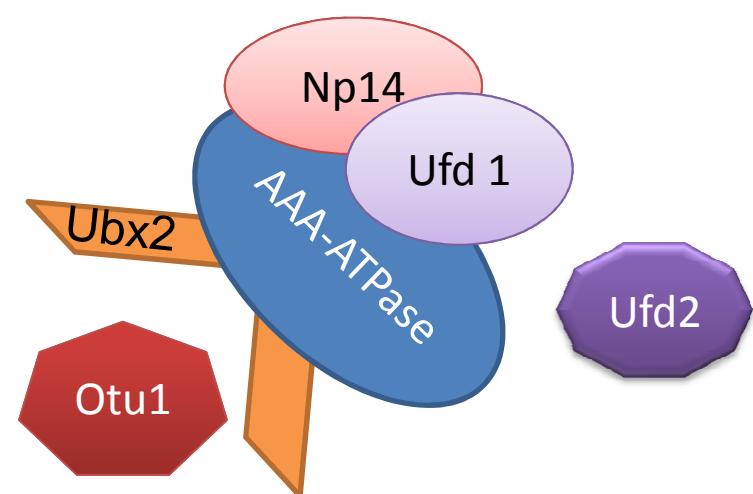
ER-Associated Degradation

Cdc48 (yeast) / p97 AAA-ATPase (human)

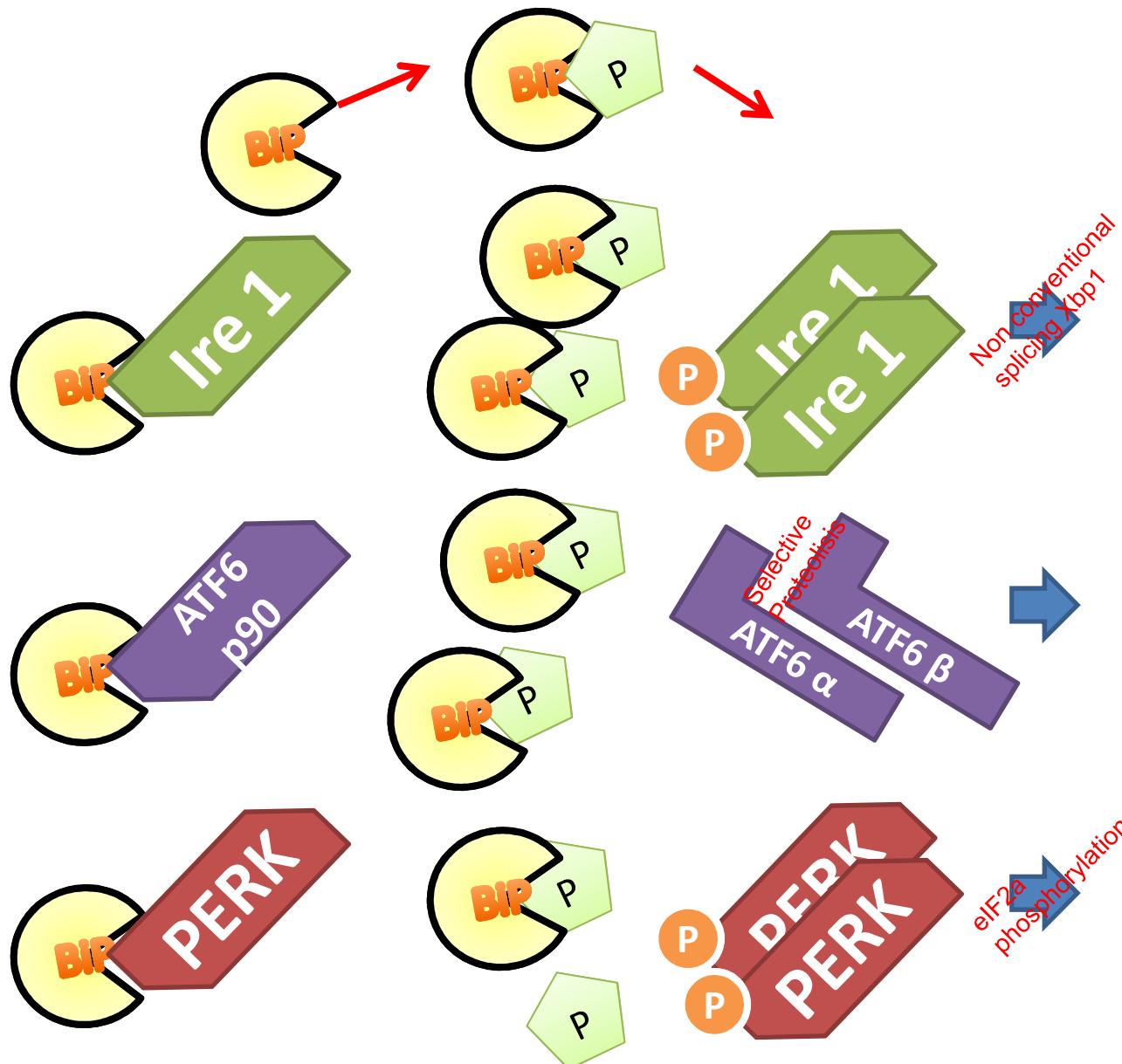


Zn²⁺

- Homohexameric
- Coordinated Zn²⁺ into the “barrel”
- ATP dependent
- 12 active sites
- Active from 30° to 60°C
- Link L-ERAD and C-ERAD
- “Disassembly Engine”
- Denaturation-like activity
- Interact and help the proteasome



Unfolded Protein Response



ERAD
Chaperones

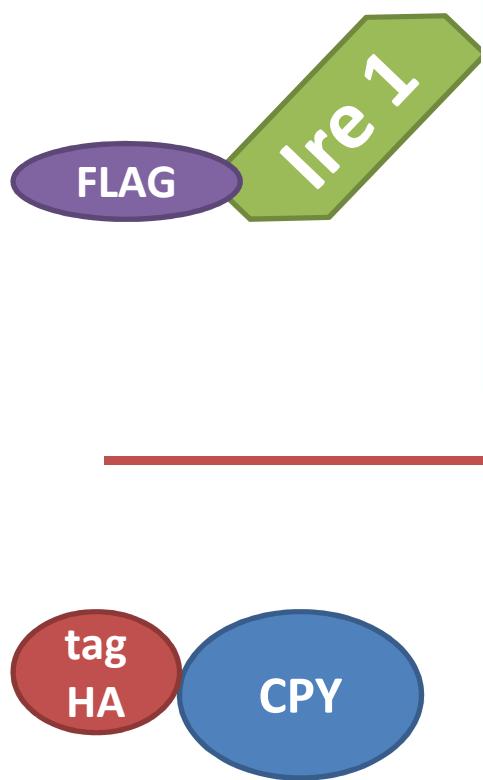
Chaperones
Apoptosis

$\text{elf2}\alpha \rightarrow \text{elf2}\alpha\text{-P}$

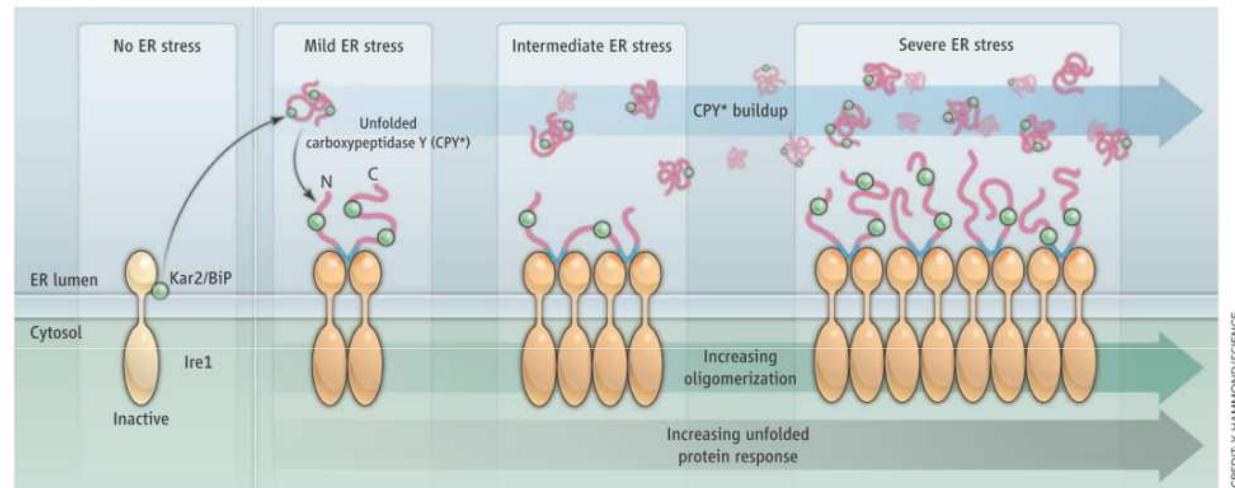
$\text{ATF4} \rightarrow$ Anti-ox stress
AA Metabolism
Chaperones
Apoptosis

IRE 1 E LO STUDIO DELL'UPR (YEAST)

IRE1 E LO STUDIO DELL'UPR (YEAST)



Ire 1 FLAG tagged

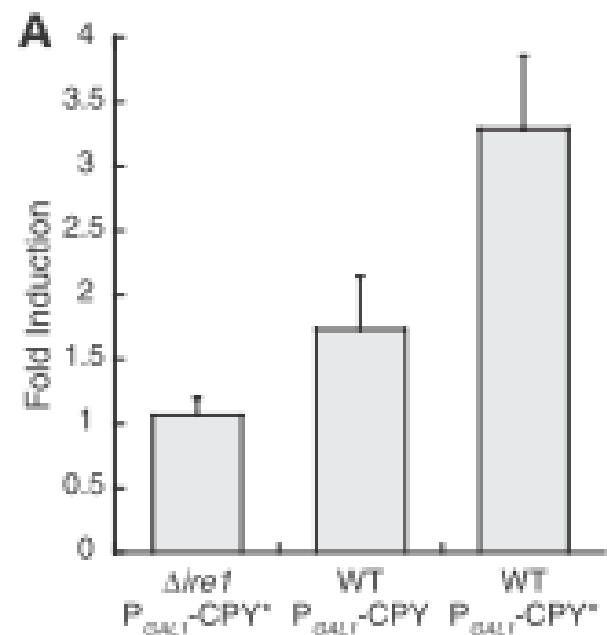


Domanda:

Ire1 induce ERAD se stimolata da CPY* (missfolded)?

Induzione UPR

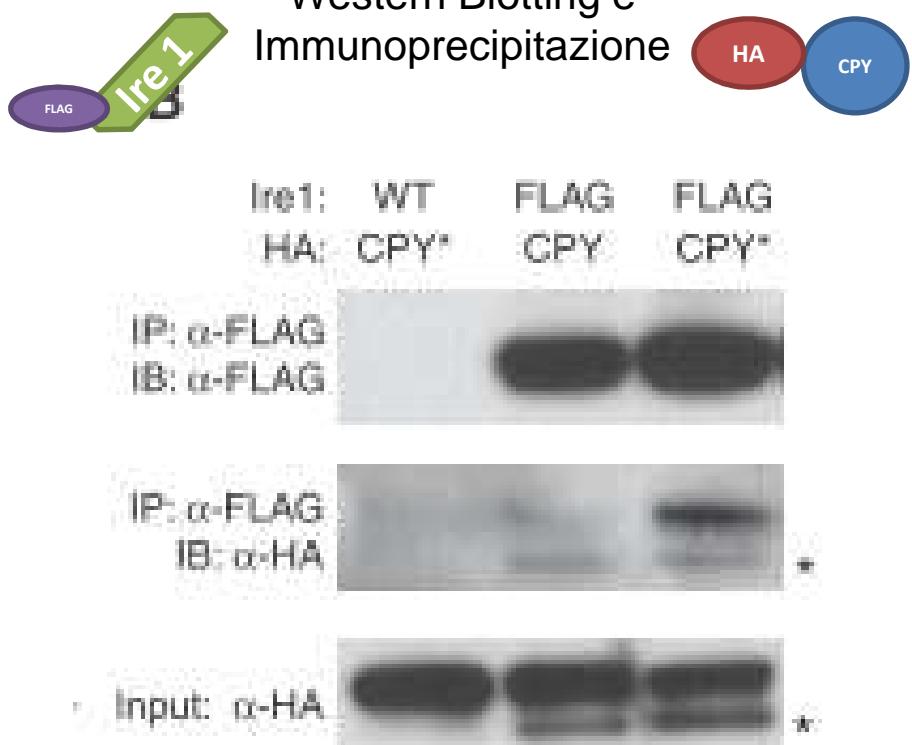
Misurata con GPF a valle di elementi responsivi promotori all'UPR



Domanda:

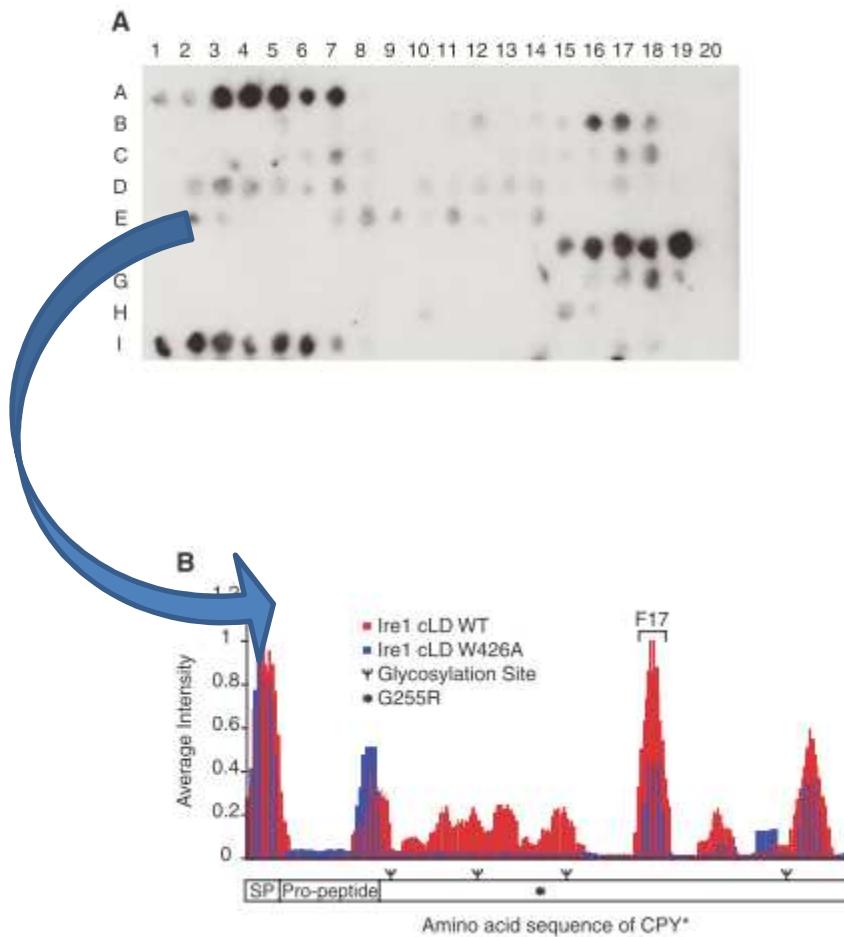
Ire1 lega selettivamente CPY*(missfolded)?

Western Blotting e
Immunoprecipitazione

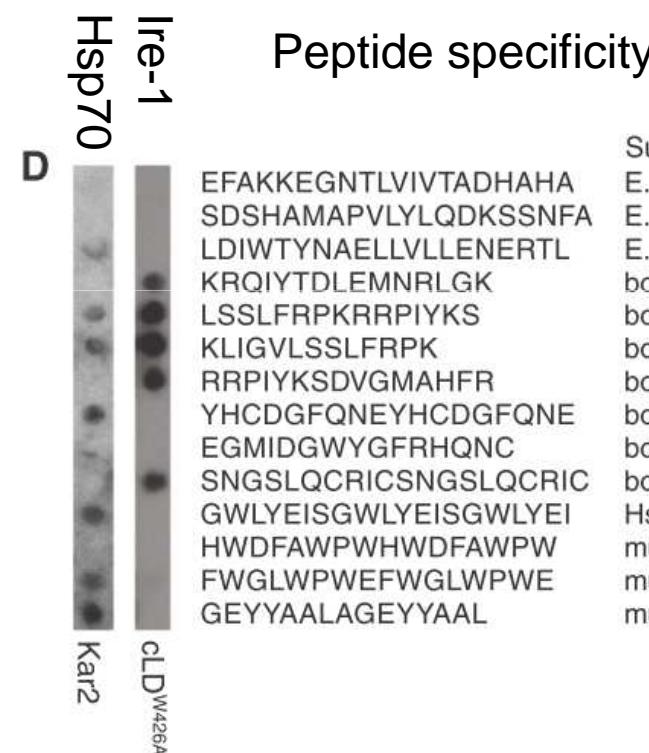


Domanda:
Che peptidi di CPY* lega Ire1?

Peptide Array



Domanda:
Ire1 lega peptidi riconosciuti anche da altre proteine coinvolte nel folding?



IRE1 E LO STUDIO DELL'UPR (YEAST)

- Ire 1 induce UPR
- Induce UPR legando direttamente la proteina missfoldata
- Ire 1 lega particolari sequenze della proteina, non è un binding aspecifico o generalizzato
- Ire 1 lega peptidi riconosciuti anche da altre proteine ma sostanzialmente questi peptidi sono diversi da quelli legati da Kar2 (omologo in lievito di Bip)

DIZIONARIO

EDEM_s: ER Degradation Enhancing α -Mannosidase like proteins

ERAD: ER Associated Degradation

UPR: Unfolded Protein Response

Cnx: Calnexin (calnexina)

Crt: Calreticulin (calreticulina)

Glc I e II: Glucosidase I e II

Ire1: Inositol Requiring Enzyme 1

AFT6: Amp dependent Trascrption Factor 6

PERK: Precursor Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2-alpha Kinase

PDI: Protein Disulfide Isomerase

